

COMMUNICATIONS



CHAPTER 5

CHAPTER 5 – COMMUNICATIONS

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SR55 COMMUNICATIONS OVERVIEW

MODBUS SERIAL COMMUNICATIONS OVERVIEW

All SR55 soft starters have a built-in RJ12 serial port that can be used to configure and to control one SR55 from one RS-485 master controller, with no additional communications components required (other than RS-485 cabling). Multiple SR55 soft starters can be controlled from a single RS-485 master controller with the use of one optional serial Modbus communication splitter (SR55-SPLT) per soft starter. An RJ45 female to RJ12 male cable adapter (SR55-RJ45-RJ12) is available for easier cable connection. Examples of Modbus masters are SR55-KPD-REM, PLC, or HMI.

MODBUS TCP NETWORK COMMUNICATIONS OVERVIEW

Multiple SR55 soft starters can be networked for configuration and control from a single Modbus TCP master controller. This type of network control requires one optional Modbus TCP communication module (SR55-CM-MODTCP) per SR55 soft starter.

ETHERNET/IP NETWORK COMMUNICATIONS OVERVIEW

Multiple SR55 soft starters can be networked for configuration and control from a single EtherNet/IP master controller. This type of network control requires one optional EtherNet/IP communication module (SR55-CM-ENETIP) per SR55 soft starter.



FOR COMMUNICATIONS, ENSURE THAT THE SR55 "TIMEOUT" PARAMETER SETTING IS > 0. OTHERWISE, THE SR55 WILL FAULT AS SOON AS COMMUNICATION IS ENABLED. (HOME → DEVICE → NETWORKS → TIMEOUT MS)



IF USING MODBUS RTU / MODBUS TCP / ETHERNET/IP COMMUNICATION FOR CONTROL, THE DIGITAL INPUTS ARE DISABLED. THE DIGITAL OUTPUTS WILL STILL FUNCTION AS CONFIGURED.

IF USING MODBUS RTU / MODBUS TCP / ETHERNET/IP COMMUNICATION FOR MONITORING ONLY, THEN THE DIGITAL INPUTS AND OUTPUTS WILL FUNCTION AS CONFIGURED IF THE CONTROL METHOD IS SET TO USER PROGRAMMABLE, TWO WIRE, OR THREE WIRE CONTROL.

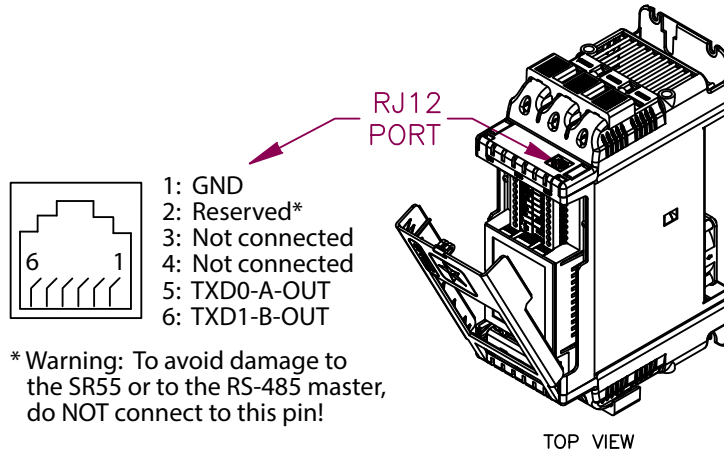


IF USING MODBUS RTU (RJ12 PORT) FOR COMMUNICATIONS, AN SR55-CM-xxxx MODULE MUST NOT BE INSTALLED IN THE BOTTOM COMMUNICATION PORT. THE PRESENCE OF A COMMUNICATIONS MODULE WILL CAUSE INTERFERENCE WITH THE MODBUS RTU COMMUNICATIONS.

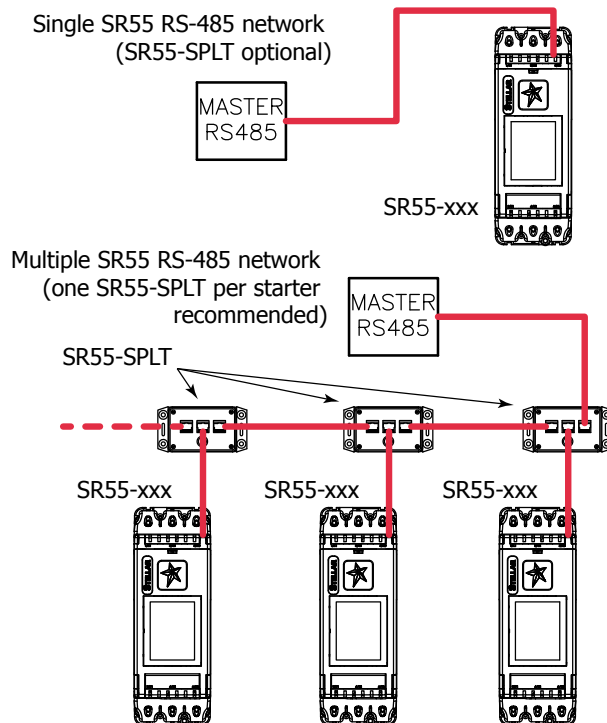
MODBUS SERIAL COMMUNICATIONS

MODBUS RTU COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACE

All SR55 soft starters support serial Modbus RTU protocol (slave) communications. The serial RS-485 communications are accessible from the built-in RJ12 port, as shown below.



MODBUS RTU CONNECTIONS



SERIAL MODBUS COMMUNICATION SPLITTER

Information for the optional SR55-SPLT serial Modbus communication splitter is found in "Accessories" Chapter 6. (An SR55-RJ45-RJ12 adapter can be used to simplify cabling between the splitter's RJ45 ports and the SR55's RJ12 port.)

MODBUS SERIAL COMMUNICATIONS (CONTINUED)**MODBUS COMMUNICATIONS CONFIGURATION**

The Modbus communication settings are accessible from the Device menu:

- Device >> Networks >> Modbus Network Settings >> Address (1 – 32)
- Device >> Networks >> Modbus Network Settings >> Baud (9600 – 115200)
- Device >> Networks >> Modbus Network Settings >> Parity (Odd / Even)
- (Data bits = 8, Stop bits = 1)

The communication parameters should be set before connecting the Modbus master.

TRANSMISSION MODES

ASCII and RTU transmission modes are defined in the Modbus protocol specification. SR55 uses *only the RTU mode* for the message transmission.

MESSAGE STRUCTURE FOR RTU MODE

The Modbus RTU structure uses a master-slave system for message exchange. In the case of the SR55 system, it allows up to 32 slaves, and one master. Every message begins with the master making a request to a slave, which responds to the master in a defined structure. In both messages (request and answer), the used structure is the same:

- Address, Function Code, Data and CRC.

MASTER (REQUEST MESSAGE):

Address (1 byte)	Function (1 byte)	Request Data (n bytes)	CRC (2 bytes)
---------------------	----------------------	---------------------------	------------------

SLAVE (RESPONSE MESSAGE):

Address (1 byte)	Function (1 byte)	Response Data (n bytes)	CRC (2 bytes)
---------------------	----------------------	----------------------------	------------------

ADDRESS

The master initiates the communication by sending a byte with the address of the destination slave. When responding, the slave also initiates the message with its own address. Broadcast to address 0 (zero) is not supported.

FUNCTION CODE

This field contains a single byte, where the master specifies the type of service or function requested to the slave (reading, writing, etc.). According to the protocol, each function is used to access a specific type of data.

DATA FIELD

The format and contents of this field depend on the function used and the transmitted value.

CRC

The used method is the CRC-16 (Cyclic Redundancy Check). This field is formed by two bytes; where first the least significant byte is transmitted (CRC-), and then the most significant (CRC+). The CRC calculation form is described in the Modbus RTU protocol specification.

MODBUS SERIAL COMMUNICATIONS (CONTINUED)

SUPPORTED FUNCTIONS

Modbus RTU specification defines the functions used to access different types of data.

- SR55 parameters are defined as holding type registers.
- For Modbus RTU/TCP Client devices that use Modicon style addressing, place a 4 as the high digit followed by the Modbus address defined in the parameter mapping table. Note that SR55 Modbus addressing starts at zero; not 1 as some devices do.
- SR55 32-bit parameters are High Word / Low Word in Modbus format.

The following services are available:

READ HOLDING REGISTERS

Description: reading register blocks of holding register type (block R/W limited to 8 registers).

- Function code: 03

Modbus Function 03 Transaction Table			
Query		Response	
Field	Hex Byte	Field	Hex Byte
Slave address	01	Slave address	01
Function	03	Function	03
Start address Hi	00	Byte count	02
Start address Lo	01	Data Hi	01
No of registers Hi	00	Data Lo	2C
No of registers Lo	01	CRC Lo	B8
CRC Lo	D5	CRC Hi	09
CRC Hi	CA		



BEFORE WRITING TO THE SR55, INITIATE SEVERAL MODBUS READS TO ENSURE THAT THE MASTER'S ADDRESSING AND CONFIGURATION ARE CORRECT.

WRITE SINGLE REGISTER

Description: writing in a single register of the holding type.

- Function code: 06

Modbus Function 06 Transaction Table			
Query		Response	
Field	Hex Byte	Field	Hex Byte
Slave address	01	Slave address	01
Function	06	Function	06
Address Hi	00	Address Hi	02
Address Lo	0C	Address Lo	0C
Force data Hi	00	Force data Hi	00
Force data Lo	09	Force data Lo	09
CRC Lo	48	CRC Lo	88
CRC Hi	0C	CRC Hi	77

MODBUS SERIAL COMMUNICATIONS (CONTINUED)**WRITE MULTIPLE REGISTERS**

Description: writing register blocks of holding register type (block R/W limited to 8 registers).

- Function code: 16

Modbus Function 16 Transaction Table			
Query		Response	
Field	Hex Byte	Field	Hex Byte
Slave address	01	Slave address	01
Function	16	Function	16
Address Hi	00	Address Hi	02
Address Lo	0C	Address Lo	0C
Force data Hi	00	Force data Hi	00
Force data Lo	09	Force data Lo	09
CRC Lo	48	CRC Lo	49
CRC Hi	0C	CRC Hi	B4

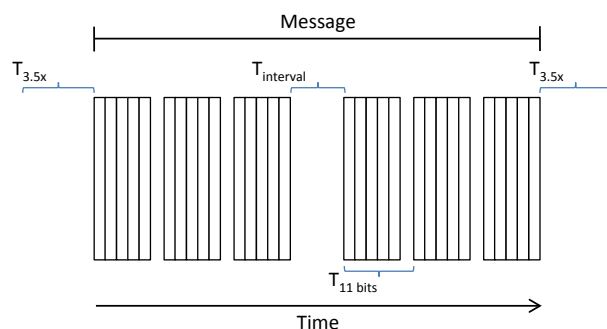
MEMORY MAP

SR55 Modbus communication is based on reading or writing equipment parameters from or to the holding registers. The data addressing is zero offset, such that the parameter Modbus address corresponds to the register number.

Modbus Address Memory Map		
Parameter Modbus Address	Modbus Data Address	
	Decimal	Hexadecimal
0000	0	0000h
0001	1	0001h
•	•	•
•	•	•
•	•	•
•	•	•
0128	128	0080h
•	•	•
•	•	•
•	•	•
•	•	•

MESSAGE TIMING

In the RTU mode there is no specific start or stop byte that marks the beginning or the end of a message. Indication of when a new message begins or when it ends is achieved by the absence of data transmission for a minimum period of 3.5 times the transmission time of a data byte. Thus, in case a message is transmitted after this minimum time has elapsed; the network elements will assume that the first received character represents the beginning of a new message.



NETWORK COMMUNICATIONS – ETHERNET/IP AND MODBUS TCP

COMMUNICATION MODULE OVERVIEW

Two communication modules are available which allow network communication and control for the SR55 soft starter.

- SR55-CM-ENETIP for EtherNet/IP network communication.
- SR55-CM-MODTCP for Modbus network communication.

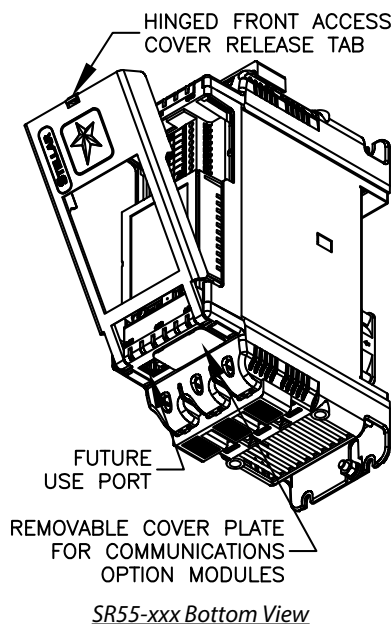
Both modules have two RJ45 ports for daisy chaining to multiple starters. These ports act as a switch. It does not matter which port you connect to.

Install the applicable communication module in the SR55 option module slot per the hardware installation instructions in the “Accessories” chapter of this user manual.



REFER TO THE INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS IN THE “ACCESSORIES” CHAPTER OF THIS USER MANUAL BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO INSTALL THE COMMUNICATION MODULES.

MODULE INSTALLATION – SR55-CM-ENETIP AND SR55-CM-MODTCP



Great care must be taken to properly seat the communication modules into the SR55 soft starter without damaging the connection pins. Refer to the detailed instructions in the “Accessories” chapter of this user manual.



SR55-CM-ENETIP



SR55-CM-MODTCP

SR55 CONFIGURATION

The SR55 will automatically configure when the option module is installed.

IP ADDRESS CONFIGURATION

Use the IP address configuration tool available from:

<http://support.automationdirect.com/downloads.html>

NETWORK COMMUNICATIONS – ETHERNET/IP AND MODBUS TCP (CONTINUED)**COMMUNICATION MODULE FRONT PANEL INDICATOR LIGHTS****FRONT PANEL INDICATORS**

Location of Front Panel Indicators	
Item	Front Panel Diagram
1 Network Status LED	
2 Module Status LED	
3 Network Interface, Port 1	
4 Network Interface, Port 2	
5 Link/Activity Port 1	
6 Link/Activity Port 2	

Network Interface LED	
LED State	Description
Off	No link, no activity
Green	Link established (100 Mbit/s)
Green, flickering	Activity (100 Mbit/s)
Yellow	Link established (10 Mbit/s)
Yellow, flickering	Activity (10 Mbit/s)

Network Status LED	
LED State	Description
Off	No power or no IP address
Green	Online, connections active
Green, flashing	Online, no connections active
Red	Duplicate IP, fatal error
Red, flashing	Connection timeout

Module Status LED	
LED State	Description
Off	No power
Green	Controlled, Run state
Green, flashing	Not configured or idle state
Red	Major fault
Red, flashing	Recoverable error(s)

MODBUS TCP NETWORK COMMUNICATIONS

The SR55-CM-MODTCP Modbus communication module offers the following functionality:

- Dual switched RJ45 communication ports
- 256 bytes of I/O data in each direction
- 100 Mbps full duplex
- Supports 4 simultaneous (master) connections

All Modbus functions and addresses that are available in the preceding “Modbus Serial Communications” section of this chapter are also available via Modbus TCP.



SR55 USES PROTOCOL ADDRESSING (BASE 0); NOT PLC ADDRESSING (BASE 1). IF YOU ARE NOT USING THE CORRECT SELECTION, ALL THE ADDRESSES WILL BE OFF BY 1. RECOMMENDED TEST: MONITOR A NON-CRITICAL PARAMETER SUCH AS START TIME (ADDRESS 7104), THEN MANUALLY CHANGE THE VALUE ON THE TOUCHSCREEN AND VERIFY THAT MODBUS MASTER ACTUALLY SEES THE CORRECT CHANGES.

ETHERNET/IP NETWORK COMMUNICATIONS

The SR55-CM-ENETIP EtherNet/IP communication module offers the following functionality:

- CIP Parameter Object Support
- Implicit and Explicit messaging
- Dual switched RJ45 communication ports
- 10/100 Mbps full duplex
- 2 Input Words from the network master to the SR55
- 2 Output Words from the SR55 to the network master

ETHERNET/IP NETWORK COMMUNICATIONS (CONTINUED)

ETHERNET/IP CONTROL

Supported Parameters			
#	Description	Read Only?	Implemented?
1	Run Forward	N	Y
2	Run Reverse	N	N
3	Fault Rest	N	Y
4	Net Control	N	Y
5	Net Reference	N	N
6	Speed Reference	N	N
7	Torque Reference	N	N
8	Faulted	Y	Y
9	Warning	Y	Y
10	Running Forward	Y	Y
11	Running Reverse	Y	N
12	Ready	Y	Y
13	Ctrl From Net	Y	Y
14	Ref From Net	Y	N
15	At Reference	Y	N
16	Drive State	Y	Y

The drive profile used by the interface is currently that provided by the SR55-CM-ENETIP Module and is dictated by the EDS file provided by HMS Industrial Networks.

The EDS describes parameters that can be accessed explicitly in an Acyclic manner. Not all of these parameters are implemented in the SR55 soft starter. See the following table. CIP paths from these parameters are described in the EDS.

The EDS also describes the 25 Implicit Cyclic connections, each of which will set and/or get a combination of the above parameters. The following examples are for connection 6 (Extended Control).

CIP Packet functionality – Extended Control								
O -> T Packet (Control)	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Byte 0	–	–	#4	–	#3	–	–	#1
Byte 1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
T -> O Packet (Status)	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Byte 0	–	–	#13	#12	–	#10	#9	#8
Byte 1	#16							
Note: When a cyclic connection is established and Bit4 (Net Control) is set, the network has control of the SR55 soft starter and any other control from the SR55 front touchscreen, switches, or Modbus interface will be overridden.								

EDS FILE

An EDS file for the interface is available from the AutomationDirect website:

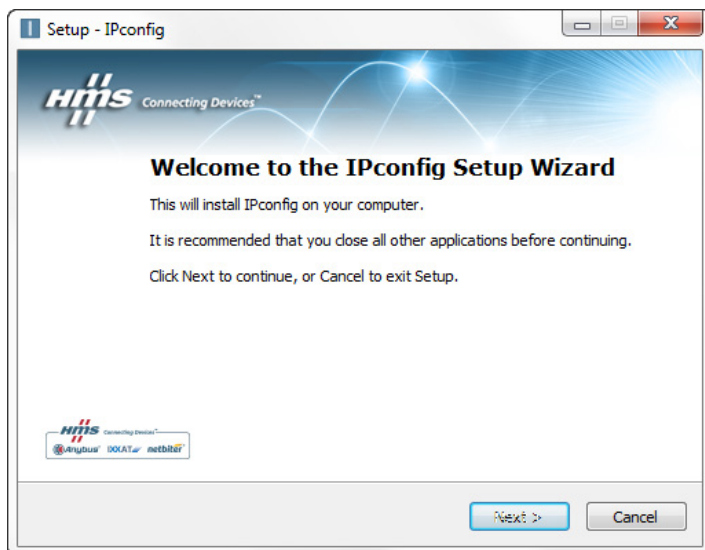
<http://support.automationdirect.com/downloads.html>

ETHERNET/IP NETWORK COMMUNICATIONS (CONTINUED)**USING THE IP CONFIGURATION TOOL (IPCONFIG)**

The IP address of the SR55 is set using the Anybus IPconfig utility available from:
<http://support.automationdirect.com/downloads.html>.

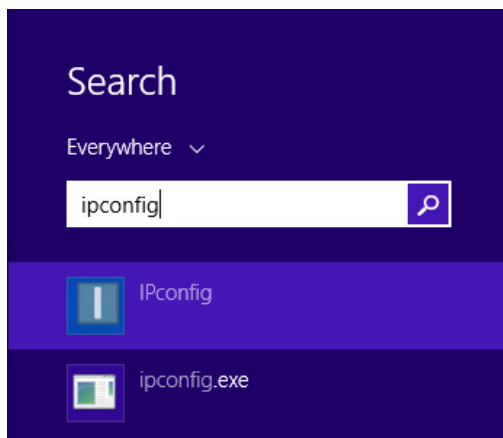
This section explains how to install the IPconfig utility and how to set the SR55's IP address.

Unzip the file to a temporary folder and run the executable.



Follow the steps through the installation.

Once the installation is complete, run application from the folder that it was installed to (usually the HMS folder in the Start menu). In Windows 8, from the home tile screen, simply type in “ipconfig.” Typing any text on this screen will open the Search dialog. The program IPconfig is the configuration tool from HMS.



If you use the Desktop most of the time in Windows 8, right click on this file and select “Pin to Taskbar” to always have quick access to the file from the desktop.

The SR55 with the installed SR55-CM-ENETIP module needs to be installed on the same network as the PC running the Ipconfig application.

The messaging uses broadcast and will not go through routers.



IT IS HIGHLY RECOMMENDED TO DISCONNECT THE PC FROM ANY NETWORK AND HAVE ONLY THE SR55 AND THE PC CONNECTED VIA AN ETHERNET SWITCH (NOT A ROUTER) OR AN ETHERNET CROSS-OVER CABLE.

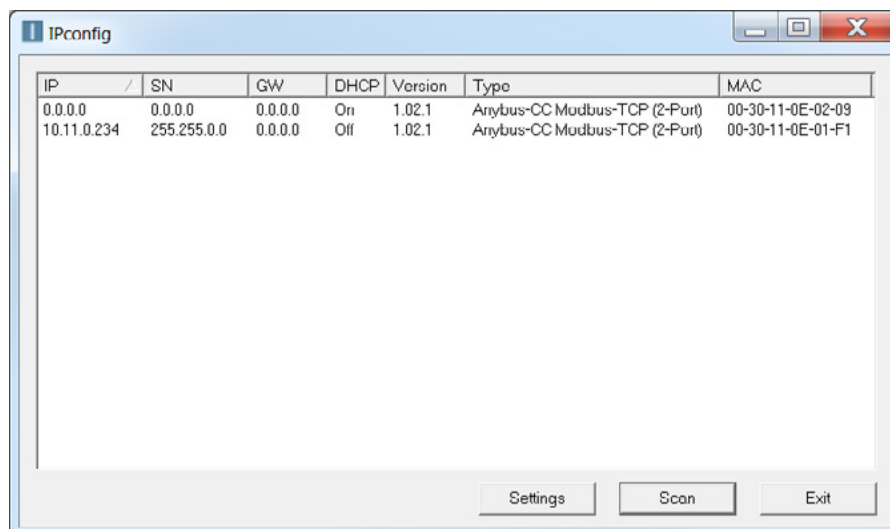
ETHERNET/IP NETWORK COMMUNICATIONS (CONTINUED)

Use a switch or crossover cable to connect the starter to the SR55.

Start the Ipconfig software. Press the Scan button to have the PC scan for an SR55. The IPconfig utility will automatically find the SR55 units on the network.

If the SR55 is not found, click on the Settings button, then choose “Broadcast from a specific Network Interface Controller.” This could be required if there are multiple network cards on the PC. Click OK, then Scan for SR55 units again.

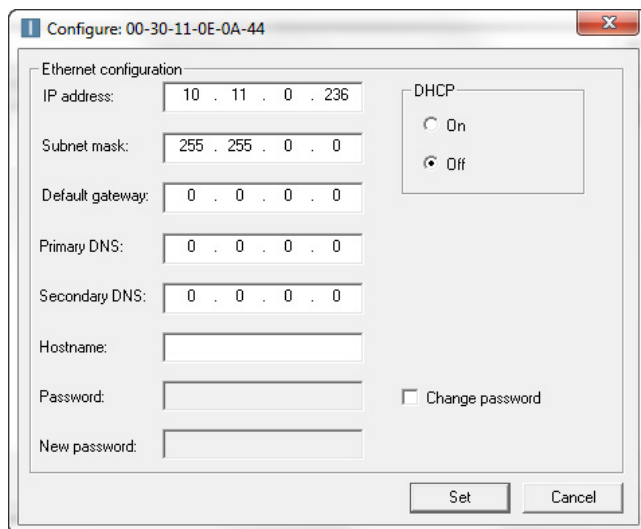
Below shows a screen capture of an SR55-077 and an SR55-242 daisy chained from one to another.



Select the Anybus module in the window and double click on it. This will bring up a window to set the network settings to values appropriate to the network that it will be running on.

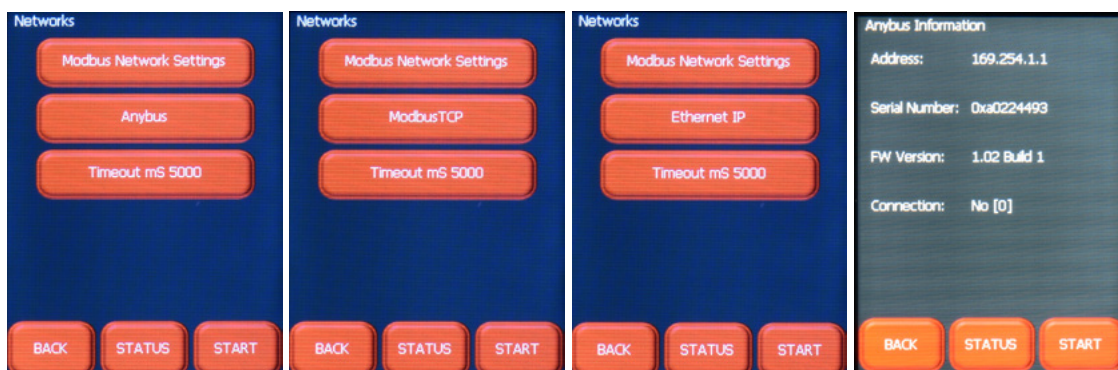


IT IS VERY HIGHLY RECOMMENDED TO SET DHCP TO OFF. OTHERWISE, THE ETHERNET ADDRESS OF THE SR55 COULD BE CHANGED BY A DHCP SERVER AT A FUTURE TIME. SETTING DHCP TO OFF WILL ENSURE THAT THE SR55 MAINTAINS THE SAME IP ADDRESS.



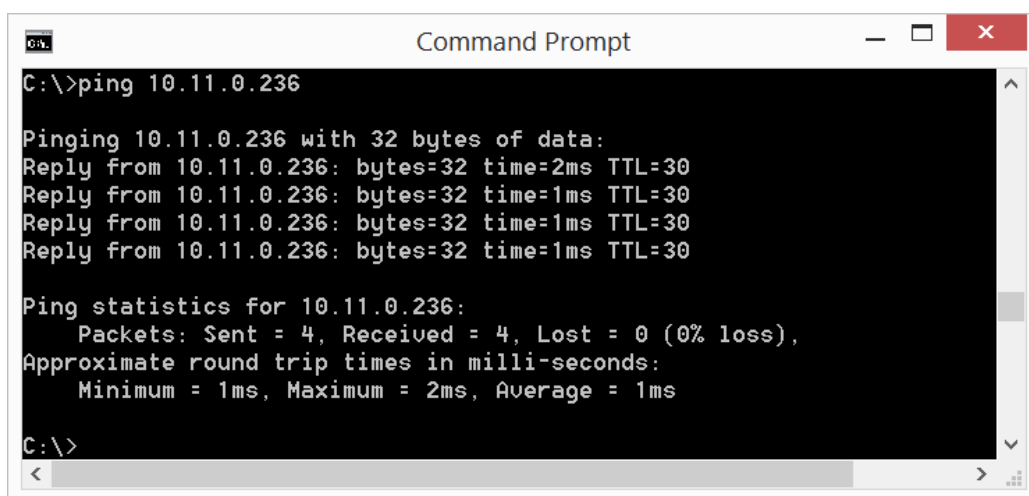
ETHERNET/IP NETWORK COMMUNICATIONS (CONTINUED)

Once the settings have been entered, click on the “Set” button and the Anybus module is now configured and ready to be used. It is not recommended to use DHCP, as the address could be changed. The starter’s control power will have to be cycled for the correct settings to show up on the touchscreen.

**TROUBLESHOOTING**

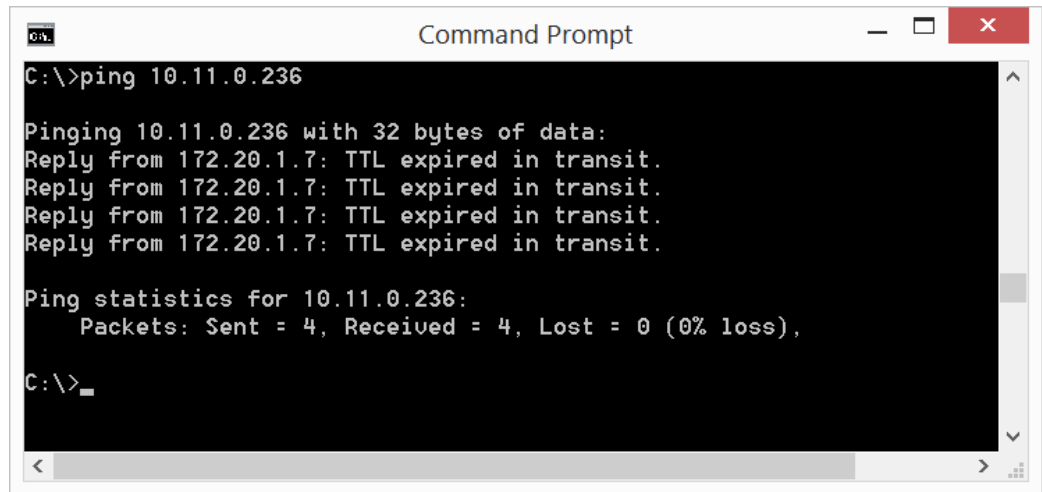
If you do not see modules showing up in the IPconfig screen check the following:

- That the SR55-MODTCP or SR55-ENETIP module is inserted correctly, and MS LED is on or flashing green. See module installation instructions in this SR55 user manual.
- That the module appears in the Networks menu under Home >> Device >> Networks. If the module is not recognized the center selection text will read “Anybus” instead of “ModbusTCP” or “Ethernet IP.”
- On the PC, run “cmd” from the Start Menu (or type “cmd” from the Windows 8 Home tile screen) to get a command prompt. Test the physical connection between the PC and the starter. Type “ping” and the address the SR55 should be set to. Press Enter.
- If the PC can see the starter, valid data will be returned:



ETHERNET/IP NETWORK COMMUNICATIONS (CONTINUED)

- If the PC is set to a different IPv4 network than the SR55, ie., both PC and SR55 are not set to the same first two octets (10.11.xxx.xxx in this example), the following error will be returned:



```
Command Prompt

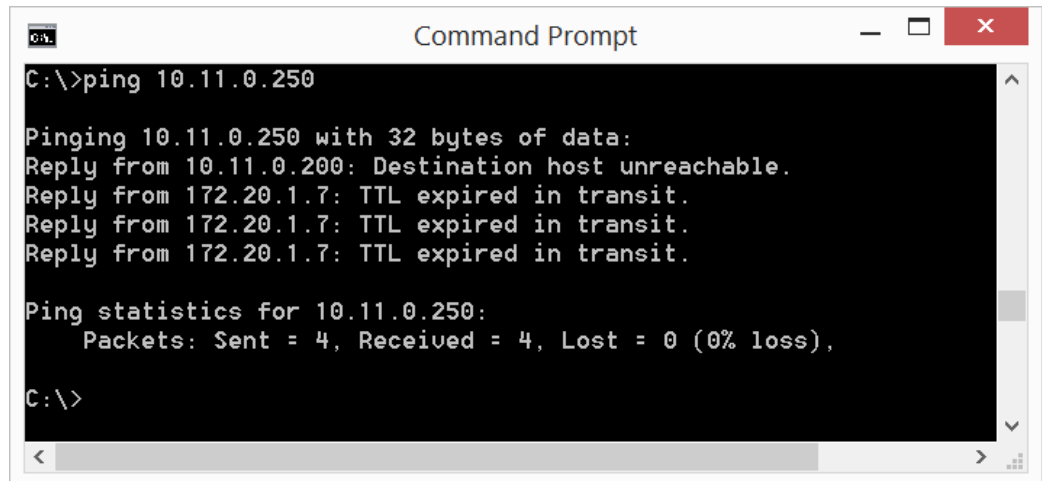
C:\>ping 10.11.0.236

Pinging 10.11.0.236 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 172.20.1.7: TTL expired in transit.
Reply from 172.20.1.7: TTL expired in transit.
Reply from 172.20.1.7: TTL expired in transit.
Reply from 172.20.1.7: TTL expired in transit.

Ping statistics for 10.11.0.236:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

C:\>
```

- If the IPv4 Ethernet address is incorrect, the following error will be returned (notice that unlike the previous error, this error returns “Destination host unreachable”):



```
Command Prompt

C:\>ping 10.11.0.250

Pinging 10.11.0.250 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 10.11.0.200: Destination host unreachable.
Reply from 172.20.1.7: TTL expired in transit.
Reply from 172.20.1.7: TTL expired in transit.
Reply from 172.20.1.7: TTL expired in transit.

Ping statistics for 10.11.0.250:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

C:\>
```

- If Ping from the PC to the SR55 does not work, please recheck that a cross-over cable or an Ethernet switch (NOT a router) is being used to connect the PC to the SR55.
- Also check that the header pins between the comm module and the SR55 were not bent (extreme care must be taken when inserting the module into the starter).

CONNECTING TO THE SR55-CM-ENET MODULE THROUGH I/O (IMPLICIT MESSAGING)

The connection parameters for Connection 6 (Extended Control) are as follows:

- T->O (Input Data) Connection Point Assembly Instance value is 71.
- T->O (Input Data) Size is 4 bytes.
- The Data format for Status is shown in the “Input Data Setup” screen capture.
- O->T (Output Data) Connection Point Assembly Instance value is 21.
- O->T (Output Data) Size is 4 bytes.
- The Data format for Control is shown in the “Output Data Setup” screen capture.
- No Configuration data is required.

To start the SR55, a value of 33 should be placed into Byte 0 of the Control data.

33 equates to Bit 0 (Run Forward) On and Bit 5 (Net Control) On.

To stop the SR55, a value of 32 should be placed into Byte 0 of the Control data.

32 equates to Bit 0 Off and Bit 5 On.

To reset faults on the SR55, a value of 36 should be placed into Byte 0 of the Control data.

36 equates to Bit 2 (Fault Reset) On and Bit 5 (Net Control) On.

The following images are an example setup of I/O (Implicit Messaging) to the SR55 EtherNet/IP adapter from a Productivity Series CPU.

INPUT DATA SETUP

The screenshot shows the 'EtherNet/IP Client Properties' dialog box. The 'IO MSG 1' tab is selected, displaying the 'T->O (INPUT)' configuration. The 'Enable' checkbox is checked, and the 'Connection Online' dropdown is set to 'connOnlineIO'. The 'General Status' dropdown is set to 'genStatIO', and the 'Extended Status' dropdown is set to 'extStatIO'. The 'Status Description' dropdown is set to 'statDescripIO'. The 'Target To Originator (INPUT) Data' section shows the 'Delivery Option' set to 'Multicast', 'RPI Time (msec)' set to 250, 'Connection Point' set to 71 (0x47), 'Datatype' set to 'Integer, 8 Bit Unsigned, 1D Array', 'Data Array' set to 'inArrayIO', 'Message Size (bytes)' set to 4, and 'Number of Elements' set to 4. The 'Monitor' button is visible at the bottom left, and 'OK', 'Cancel', and 'Help' buttons are at the bottom right.

ETHERNET/IP NETWORK COMMUNICATIONS (CONTINUED)

OUTPUT DATA SETUP

EtherNet/IP Client Properties

Device Name: myDevice TCP Connected: tcpConn

Ethernet Port: CPU-ETH-Ext Adapter Name: adapName

IP Address: 10.11.0.236 Vendor ID: venID

TCP Port Number: 44818 TCP/IP Error: tcpIPErr

☐ Close unused CIP Session after 30 secs

☐ Swap Byte Order

EXP MSG 1 IO MSG 1

Enable: enableIO Connection Online: connOnlineIO

General Status: genStatIO

☐ Enable Routing Slot Number: 0 Extended Status: extStatIO

Status Description: statDescripIO

T->O (INPUT) O->T (OUTPUT) CONFIG DATA

Originator To Target (OUTPUT) Data

RPI Time (msec): 250

Connection Point: 21 (0x15)

Datatype: Integer, 8 Bit Unsigned, 1D Array

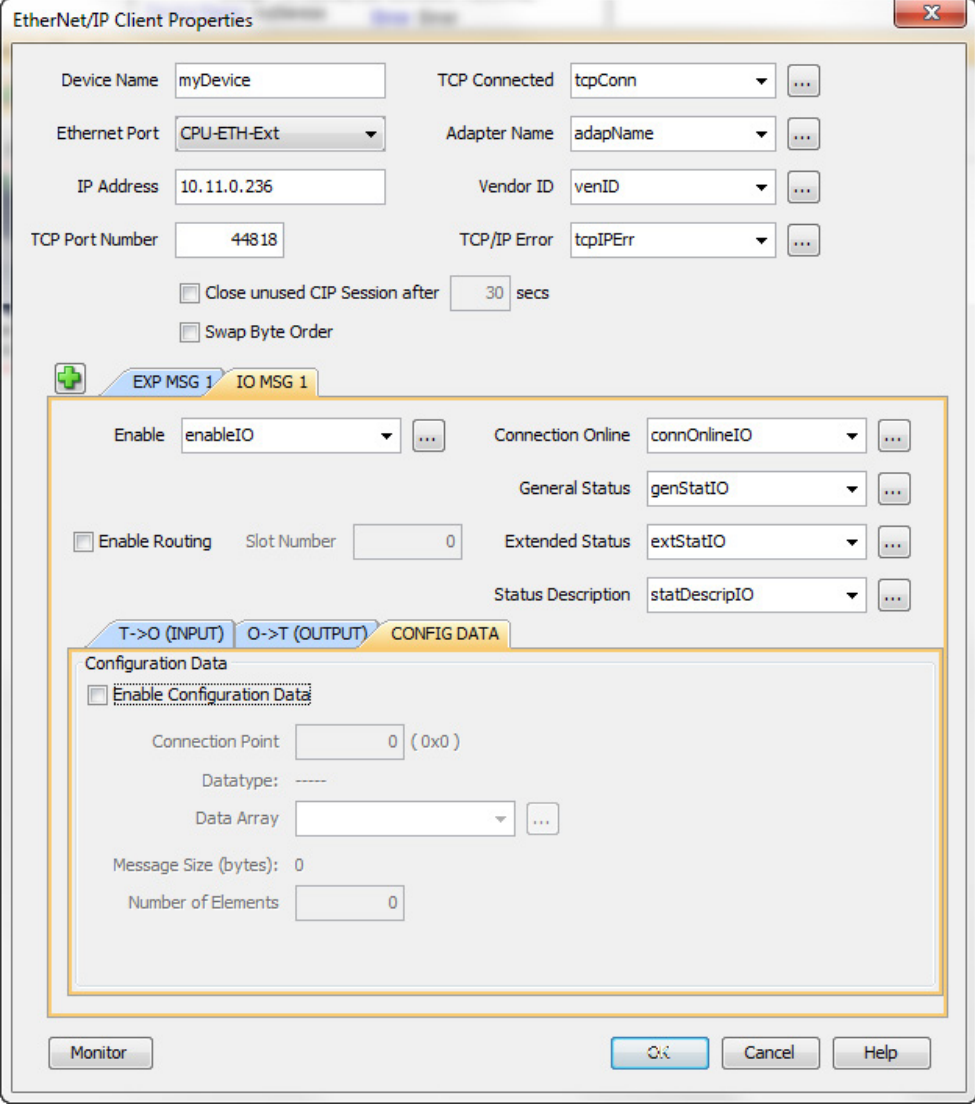
Data Array: outArrayIO

Message Size (bytes): 4

Number of Elements: 4

☒ Include Status Header

Monitor OK Cancel Help

ETHERNET/IP NETWORK COMMUNICATIONS (CONTINUED)**CONFIG DATA SETUP (NO CONFIG DATA)**

The dialog box is titled "EtherNet/IP Client Properties". It contains several fields for configuration:

- Device Name: myDevice
- Ethernet Port: CPU-ETH-Ext
- IP Address: 10.11.0.236
- TCP Port Number: 44818
- TCP Connected: tcpConn
- Adapter Name: adapName
- Vendor ID: venID
- TCP/IP Error: tcpIPErr
- Close unused CIP Session after: 30 secs
- Swap Byte Order: ☐

Below these fields are two tabs: "EXP MSG 1" and "IO MSG 1". The "IO MSG 1" tab is selected, showing:

- Enable: enableIO
- Connection Online: connOnlineIO
- General Status: genStatIO
- Extended Status: extStatIO
- Status Description: statDescripIO
- Enable Routing: ☐ Slot Number: 0

At the bottom of the dialog are three tabs: "T->O (INPUT)", "O->T (OUTPUT)", and "CONFIG DATA". The "CONFIG DATA" tab is selected, showing:

- Enable Configuration Data: ☐
- Connection Point: 0 (0x0)
- Datatype: -----
- Data Array: [dropdown menu]
- Message Size (bytes): 0
- Number of Elements: 0

At the bottom of the dialog are four buttons: "Monitor", "OK", "Cancel", and "Help".

ETHERNET/IP NETWORK COMMUNICATIONS (CONTINUED)**CONNECTING TO THE SR55-CM-ENET MODULE THROUGH EXPLICIT MESSAGE:**

There are a few different objects that can be read or be written to via Explicit Messaging:

Objects Supported By Explicit Messaging					
<i>Description</i>	<i>Read Only?</i>	<i>Service</i>	<i>Class</i>	<i>Instance</i>	<i>Attribute</i>
Run	No	16 (0x10)	41 (0x29)	1	3
Fault Reset	No	16 (0x10)	41 (0x29)	1	12 (0x0c)
Network Control	No	16 (0x10)	41 (0x29)	1	5
Faulted	Yes	14 (0x0e)	41 (0x29)	1	10 (0x0a)
Warning	Yes	14 (0x0e)	41 (0x29)	1	11 (0x0b)
Running Forward	Yes	14 (0x0e)	41 (0x29)	1	7
Ready	Yes	14 (0x0e)	41 (0x29)	1	9
Control from Network	Yes	14 (0x0e)	41 (0x29)	1	15 (0x0f)
Drive State	Yes	14 (0x0e)	41 (0x29)	1	6

With the exception of the “Drive State” parameter, all of the other parameters either require a value of 1 or 0 for SET (16), and will return a value of 0 or 1 on the GET (14) parameters.

To run the starter, a value of 1 must be set in the “Network Control” parameter first and then a value of 1 can be sent to the “Run” parameter to start the motor and a value of 0 to the same parameter to stop the motor.

If the Communications Trip parameter is enabled, a message must be sent to the starter at a faster rate than what is configured for the Timeout parameter. It is typical in this situation to poll the “Faulted” parameter to view the state of the starter along with keeping the Communications Trip from enabling and stopping the motor.

If communications are interrupted for a long enough period to invoke the Communications Trip fault, the following sequence is required to restart the motor:

- Send a 0 to the “Run” parameter.
- Send a 1 to the “Fault Reset” parameter.
- Send a 0 to the “Fault Reset” parameter.
- Now you can restart the motor by sending a 1 to the “Run” parameter.

*ETHERNET/IP NETWORK COMMUNICATIONS (CONTINUED)***EXPLICIT MESSAGE INSTRUCTION EXAMPLES (FROM PRODUCTIVITY SERIES CPU)****EXAMPLE INSTRUCTION FOR SETTING THE STARTER TO NETWORK CONTROL (PRODUCTIVITY CPU)**

EtherNet/IP Explicit Message (EMSG)

☒ Use Structure msg1

Device Name: myDevice In Progress: InProgress

Connection: Unconnected MSG Complete: Complete

Service: Generic Success: Success

Service ID: 16 (0x10) Error: Error

Class ID: 41 (0x29) Timeout: Timeout

Attribute ID: 5 (0x5) Exception Response String: ExcResponse

Instance ID: 1 (0x1)

T->O (INPUT)

☐ Enable Input

Datatype: -----

Data Array:

Message Size (bytes): 0

Number Elements: 7

O->T (OUTPUT)

☒ Enable Output

Datatype: Integer, 8 Bit Unsigned, 1D Array

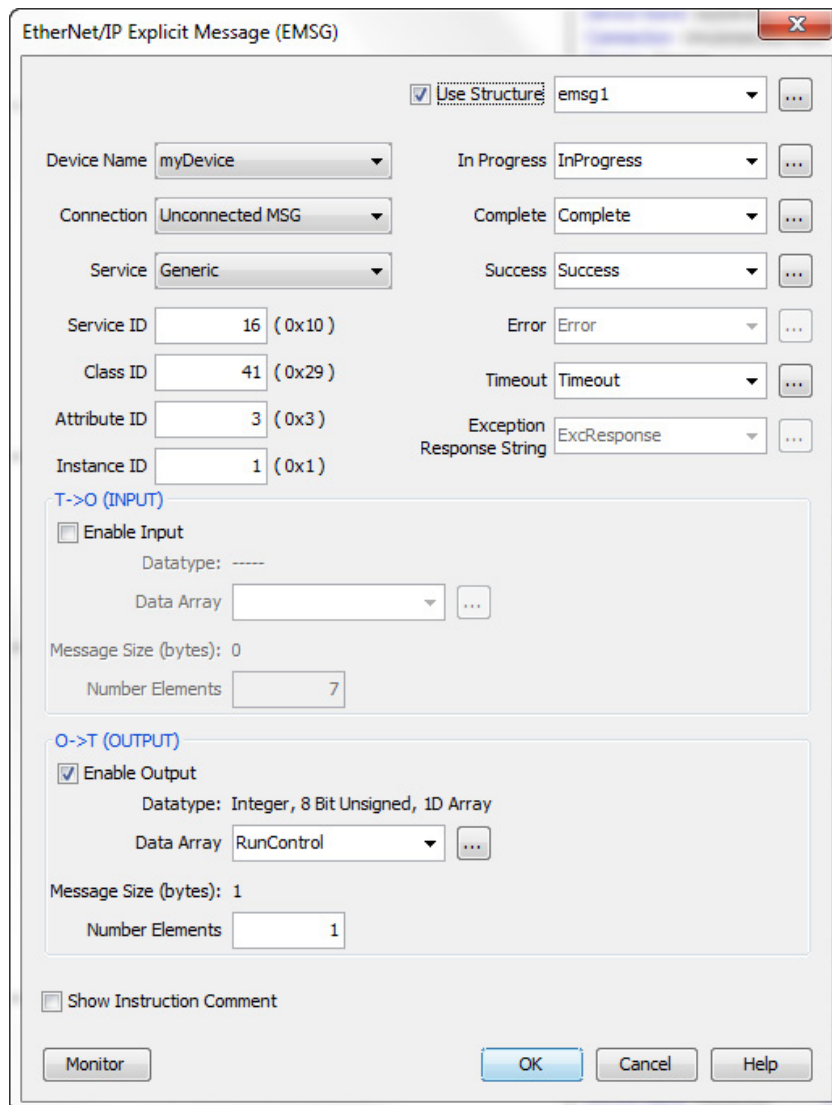
Data Array: NetControlByte

Message Size (bytes): 1

Number Elements: 1

☐ Show Instruction Comment

Monitor OK Cancel Help

ETHERNET/IP NETWORK COMMUNICATIONS (CONTINUED)**EXAMPLE INSTRUCTION FOR CONTROLLING THE START AND STOP OF THE MOTOR (PRODUCTIVITY CPU)****(value of 1 to start and 0 to stop)**

The image shows the 'EtherNet/IP Explicit Message (EMSG)' configuration dialog box. It is divided into several sections for configuring the message structure and data flow.

Top Section: Includes a 'Use Structure' checkbox (checked) and a dropdown menu set to 'emsg1'.

Device and Connection Information: Fields for 'Device Name' (myDevice), 'Connection' (Unconnected MSG), 'Service' (Generic), 'Service ID' (16), 'Class ID' (41), 'Attribute ID' (3), and 'Instance ID' (1). Each field has a corresponding hex value in parentheses.

Status and Error Handling: Fields for 'In Progress' (InProgress), 'Complete' (Complete), 'Success' (Success), 'Error' (Error), 'Timeout' (Timeout), and 'Exception Response String' (ExcResponse).

T->O (INPUT) Section: Contains an 'Enable Input' checkbox (unchecked), a 'Datatype' field (empty), a 'Data Array' dropdown, 'Message Size (bytes): 0', and 'Number Elements' (7).

O->T (OUTPUT) Section: Contains an 'Enable Output' checkbox (checked), a 'Datatype' field (Integer, 8 Bit Unsigned, 1D Array), a 'Data Array' dropdown (RunControl), 'Message Size (bytes): 1', and 'Number Elements' (1).

Bottom Section: Includes a 'Show Instruction Comment' checkbox (unchecked) and three buttons: 'Monitor', 'OK', and 'Cancel'.

ETHERNET/IP NETWORK COMMUNICATIONS (CONTINUED)**EXAMPLE INSTRUCTION FOR READING BACK THE FAULT STATUS OF THE STARTER (PRODUCTIVITY CPU)**

The screenshot shows the 'EtherNet/IP Explicit Message (EMSG)' configuration window. It is divided into several sections for configuring the message structure and communication parameters.

General Settings:

- ☒ Use Structure: msg1
- Device Name: myDevice
- Connection: Unconnected MSG
- Service: Generic
- Service ID: 14 (0xE)
- Class ID: 41 (0x29)
- Attribute ID: 10 (0xA)
- Instance ID: 1 (0x1)
- In Progress: InProgress
- Complete: Complete
- Success: Success
- Error: Error
- Timeout: Timeout
- Exception Response String: ExcResponse

T->O (INPUT):

- ☒ Enable Input
- Datatype: Integer, 8 Bit Unsigned, 1D Array
- Data Array: FaultStatus
- Message Size (bytes): 1
- Number Elements: 1

O->T (OUTPUT):

- ☐ Enable Output
- Datatype: -----
- Data Array:
- Message Size (bytes): 0
- Number Elements: 1

☐ Show Instruction Comment

Buttons at the bottom: Monitor, OK, Cancel, Help.

ETHERNET/IP NETWORK COMMUNICATIONS (CONTINUED)

EXAMPLE INSTRUCTION TO RESET ANY FAULTS ON THE STARTER (PRODUCTIVITY CPU)

Drive State	
Byte Value	State Description
1	Startup
2	Ready & Stopped
4	Running
5	Stopping
6	Fault Stop
7	Faulted

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